



ALEXANDRIA.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 8.

THE ATTEMPT to attribute the democratic defeat to the President's free trade proclivities is as weak as it is silly. That such proclivities rather helped than injured the party is proved by the fact that Representative Fitch, of New York city, who abandoned the republican party, which had elected him, on account of its support of a protective tariff, and joined the democratic party, on account of its demand for a low tariff, was re-elected by an increased majority. Also by the other facts that the democrats carried New Jersey, a manufacturing State, by a larger majority than before and regained possession of the legislature of their State; that Connecticut, whose industries are confined almost exclusively to manufacturing, likewise gave a democratic majority; that the republican majority in the manufacturing State of Pennsylvania has been reduced considerably, and that so great was the reduction in Ohio, which has now become a manufacturing State, that Mr. Thurman says the State could have been carried by the democrats with proper exertion, and that Mr. Romels, the especial high tariff advocate in the Toledo district of that State, has been defeated. No, the tariff had nothing to do with the defeat, and that in some places, Virginia, for instance, it helped the party. The causes of the defeat were monumental ingratitude, the failure to fulfill promises, the civil service reform humbug, mugwumpism, the desire to gain one republican and negro rather than to hold thousands of democrats, and the official conduct of certain members of the cabinet, whose heads were evidently turned by the exalted positions that were given them, but for which they are utterly, entirely and notoriously unqualified. Simply these and nothing more.

"HE THAT being often reproved hardeneth his neck, shall suddenly be destroyed, and that without remedy." No more striking illustration of the truth of this biblical proverb was ever afforded than by the case of President Cleveland. The best, wisest and most useful men in his party reasoned, advised and expostulated with him upon the injurious policy he had adopted, and, finding all that of no avail, reproved him incessantly for the patent and imminent danger to which he was, without rhyme or reason subjecting his party, and which has, as they foresaw would necessarily be the case, suddenly driven it from power. There have been few more glaring examples of the inevitable result of that folly which induces a man to play the part of the bull that chubs his eyes and butts a rapidly approaching locomotive. While Mr. Cleveland, as a private citizen, had the right to try to butt the train from the bridge, as the chosen leader of his party, he had no right to force it to follow him in his suicidal attempt.

THE FACT that Connecticut went democratic, though the national democratic committee had no hopes of its doing so, and hardly made an effort to effect that object, shows that the committee knew little or nothing about what it was doing. Indeed one of the most patent developments of the election is the fact that the democratic party had better get rid of its present leaders and managers and engage the services of a new set.

MR. CLEVELAND gave some of the best places at his disposal to negroes in order, as he said, that the colored citizens of the country should be recognized. The colored citizens in New York and Indiana, by voting solidly against Mr. Cleveland, gave both those States to Mr. Harrison, and thereby elected him. Mr. Cleveland's recognition of the negroes was bad for the democratic party.

THE RE-ELECTION of Governor Hill of New York, the democratic candidate, shows that the democrats of that State had all the strength that was required to re-elect Mr. Cleveland, but would not use it. They came near defeating him in 1884, and succeeded this time. They remembered that the late leader of Tammany, Mr. Kelly, had told them Mr. Cleveland was not a democrat.

IF MR. CLEVELAND be a high minded, patriotic and unselfish man, how much better he would feel to-day if he had not, simply with the vain hope of gaining votes, dismissed the accredited representative of the friendly country that affords the best market for all of America's surplus products, with as little ceremony as he would have ordered a tramp out of his house.

MR. CALVIN S. BRICE is roundly censured for sending dispatches claiming New York for Cleveland. On the strength of his dispatches several hundred dollars was put on Cleveland's election, under the impression that the history of '84 was to be repeated.

DURING the past eight or ten weeks two millions of dollars changed hands—out of the hands of democrats into the hands of republicans. It is a shame that the democrats should have been so fooled by their leaders.

IN REPLY to numerous inquiries as to the result of the election, we answer, in the language of a deceased correspondent to similar inquiries in the Greeley campaign: "Everything gone to hell—particulars unnecessary."

ONE MORAL of the late election would seem to

be that a democratic administration cannot be run on republican and "mugwump" ideas. Old Andrew Jackson's and General Grant's policy of sticking to one's friends was the better.

Fisk and Belva Lockwood will be heard of after a while. They were both candidates for the presidency.

From Washington

(Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 8, 1888.

A Brooklyn newspaper having attributed the immense falling off in the democratic majority in Brooklyn to "knifing" on the part of disaffected democrats in that city, an interview was sought with the President this morning on the subject. An audience with him was not obtainable, but Mr. Lamont, his private clerk, said that "Mr. Cleveland did not doubt the loyalty and fidelity of the Brooklyn or of any of the other democrats of New York."

Barring the few democratic office holders here—all of whom expect to lose their places soon after the inauguration of Mr. Harrison—it is generally conceded that all the other democrats in the city, residents or sojourners, have their regret for the defeat of their national ticket, assigned no little by the knowledge that Mr. Vileas, the member of the cabinet who said that no ex-Confederate should be appointed to a watchman's place in his department as long as he should remain at the head thereof, will soon have to get out himself.

It is said here that as the republican squabble in Virginia might have lost the republicans the control of the House of Representatives, none of the leaders of either side of that squabble will be recognized by the incoming administration in the distribution of its patronage.

Yesterday afternoon when a salute was fired by the republicans on the lot south of the White House, a large gang of negro laborers, about two hundred, at work on the street between that house and the Treasury department, would yell, whoop and hurrah at every report. The noise they made was heard distinctly by the President, who probably then read his folly in appointing a negro to the most lucrative office in Washington, and keeping hundreds of others in federal positions here, as a means to break the solid negro vote.

Among the congressional representatives in the city to day are Messrs. Crain of Texas and Allen of Mississippi. The former says the cause of the defeat of his party was not the President's low tariff ideas, but the fact that those ideas were not properly explained to the voters, supplemented by his apparent fondness for civil service reform. The latter says the civil service reform humbug was one of the chief causes of the defeat, and that while campaigning in Suffolk county, New York, he was told there that the fact that all the federal officeholders there were republicans would carry the county for Harrison, and the result shows that it did.

A dispatch received here this afternoon from Accomack, Virginia, says that Representative Bayly Browne, the present republican congressman from that district, ran considerably ahead of his ticket and has been re-elected.

Now that a dispatch has been received here from New York to the effect that Mr. Brice concedes Mr. Harrison's election, the election excitement here has almost entirely abated, and democratic betterers are notifying their stake holders to deliver on demand. The only election feeling manifested here to day was that of the many republican clerks in the Treasury, who, now that Harrison is out of the woods, blocked up the sidewalks on 15th street between 12 and 1 o'clock to day, and hurrahed for the defeat of the man who sacrificed his own party to retain them in office.

Great anxiety is felt here by the many officers and employees of the U. S. House of Representatives on account of the change in the political complexion of that House. Some of them still entertain a forlorn hope that it may be democratic, but most of them concede that the republicans have won it, and that their stay there will be short. There is no civil service reform at the Capitol.

Speculation has already commenced about the composition of the new Cabinet. Almost all the states contain the name of Mr. Blaine. If it shall turn out that way, the Mahanites in Virginia will be as bad off as if Mr. Cleveland had been elected, for nothing is better known than the fact that neither General Mahone nor Mr. Blaine loves the other with a love surpassing that of women.

A gentleman here to-day who was at Culpeper, Virginia, at the election, Tuesday, says he was surprised to see some of the best democrats there not voting at all or voting the republican ticket. There are many English residents as well as sojourners and temporary visitors in the city, all of whom are rejoicing at the result of the election.

Mr. Richard Mitchell, of Charles county, Md., who has many friends and acquaintances in Alexandria, won \$400 on the election.

Judge Thurman's Complaint.

A dispatch from Columbus, O., says: The disappointment when the continued press reports indicated the defeat of Cleveland in New York can be better imagined than described. Before retiring after midnight Judge Thurman, through his son, said: "I notice that Col. Brice is sending out dispatches claiming New York by 15,000 plurality. I think that very ill-advised, as there is nothing to gain by such a policy, and many democrats may be induced to bet on the strength of his assertions. The returns do not bear him out in what he says. I believe we are beaten, even if we have New York. From the figures that we have here I estimate that Harrison has certainly carried New York by at least 10,000. New Jersey is no doubt democratic, but that is very small consolation at this time. So far I have received but one report from Connecticut, but that did not look well for us, and I don't believe I want to hear any more from that State. It looks to me as if the people of the United States had decided that a tariff is not a tax and they are the final arbiters in this case. If they have so decided nobody will acquiesce in the decision more quickly than I." "Who do you think of Mr. Townsend's claims as to Ohio?" was asked.

"The republican plurality in Ohio will not be more than 10,000, and I doubt if it runs as high as 5,000. With nearly 150 voting precincts in this State heard from the average democratic gain is 94 to the precinct. If the national committee had listened to Brice and Toss and me and given us the aid we asked, we should have carried the State. On the contrary, they not only gave us no aid, but took the money we raised. We could not organize Cincinnati because we had not the means. If the committee had taken our advice they would have carried the State, as it is they have lost it and the election."

"Do you then give up the entire election?" was asked.

"We must. Harrison is undoubtedly elected."

THE NEXT CABINET.—The New York Herald forecasts the next cabinet as follows:

Secretary of State—John Sherman, of Ohio.

Secretary of the Treasury—Wm. B. Allison, of Iowa.

Secretary of War—Russell A. Alger, of Michigan.

Secretary of the Navy—William P. Frye, of Maine.

Secretary of the Interior—Warner Miller, of New York.

Postmaster General—William Mahone, of Virginia.

Attorney General—Shelby Cullom, of Illinois.

THE ELECTION.

The returns of Tuesday's contest show the election of Gen. Benjamin Harrison, the republican candidate for the presidency. New York gives a republican plurality on the presidential ticket estimated at about 11,000. Indiana has gone republican by several thousand majority. New Jersey and Connecticut are democratic, whilst California has gone republican. General Harrison has 233 electoral votes as far as heard from against 163 for Mr. Cleveland. The indications are that the republicans will have a small majority in the next House of Representatives, having made gains in Michigan, Minnesota and Iowa. New Jersey elects a democratic legislature. The returns from West Virginia indicate a democratic victory. Virginia has gone for Cleveland by a reduced majority and elected eight democratic Congressmen.

NEW YORK.

A revision of the vote of New York city shows Cleveland's plurality to be 67,213, and Hill's 68,353. Cleveland's plurality in Brooklyn is 12,037.

MARYLAND.

Returns from all the counties of Maryland and Baltimore city give Cleveland a total of 105,740; Harrison 100,234; Fisk 4,832, making Cleveland's plurality 5,506 and his majority over both Harrison and Fisk 674.

VIRGINIA.

Returns from about two thirds of the State indicate a democratic gain over 1884 of 744, which will give over 6,000 majority for Cleveland. The democrats have elected eight out of the ten Congressmen in the State. These are George D. Wise in the third district by 266 majority; E. C. Venable in the fourth by 903 plurality; Lester in the fifth by 1,450 majority; Paul Edmunds in the sixth by about 3,500 majority; C. T. O'Ferrall in the seventh by about 3,200 majority; W. H. F. Lee in the eighth by about 1,200; James A. Buchanan in the ninth by 500 majority; H. St. George Tucker in the tenth by 784 majority. In the first district T. Bailey Brown, rep., is probably elected by a small majority. George E. Bowden, rep., in the second district, is elected by 5,000 majority. The election of Venable, dem., from the fourth district is generally conceded, Mr. Venable placing his plurality at 700, and it is said Gen. Mahone concedes a majority of 1,000 over John M. Langston, colored. Arnold made a very poor run.

MISSOURI.

Returns of the vote of St. Louis show extraordinary and altogether surprising results. Harrison's majority is over 6,000. Kimball, rep., for Governor has over 10,000 majority, and the republican city ticket will range from 3,500 majority for sheriff to 8,000 for other candidates.

DELAWARE.

Advices show that Kent and Sussex counties have both given republican majorities on the legislative and county tickets, the first time in the history of the party. This insures a republican majority of two votes in the next Legislature on joint ballot, which will elect a republican United States Senator to succeed Senator Saulsbury, democrat. The electoral vote of the State will be cast for Cleveland.

Virginia M. E. Conference.

The one hundred and sixth session of the Virginia Annual Conference was begun in Norfolk yesterday. The opening religious service was conducted by Bishop J. C. Granberry. The conference is composed of 310 members, and nearly all are present. The ministers constituting the Sunday school board of education and committee on publishing interests were appointed. A committee of five was ordered on temperance. The annual report of the business of the publishing house was presented. The business of the house was very prosperous. Only two preachers have died this year, both of whom were on the superannuated roll—Rev. W. B. Rowles and Rev. S. F. Moorman. The examination of characters was entered upon. The Bishop called the names of the presiding elders. Rev. J. Powell Garland, of the Richmond district, passed in examination of character, and reported that his district had improved in every direction. Rev. J. W. Bedore reported an excellent state of things in the Charlottesville district. Rev. Paul Whitehead reported the Lynchburg district in good condition. Rev. Charles E. Watts, who completes his fourth year as presiding elder of the Danville district, made an elaborate and excellent report of the work under his care. Rev. L. S. Reid, in charge of the Petersburg district, reported the work there in most excellent condition. Rev. J. C. Reed reported the Norfolk district in a good state spirit and materially. Rev. George H. Ray gave an interesting account of the work in the Randolph-Macon district, and Rev. Joseph E. Ames did the same for the Eastern Shore district. In all the districts churches are being built, planned or converted. There had been a large number of conversions. The collections were good. The Bishop called the names of the veterans on the superannuated roll. They passed in examination of character, and their names were referred to the committee on conference relations. The names of the superannuated were called, passed an examination of character, and their names were referred to the committee on conference relations.

THE MOSQUITO—Mexico is in a quandary as to where the first mosquitoes came from. It is claimed that before 1885 no mosquitoes were ever known in our sister republic. We do not believe that the little scavenger has such a respect for national boundaries. It swarms at the North Pole. It lunches off the ice at the South Pole. It sails across the equator, to and fro, on every floating ship. It is on the top of the Alps and Andes and at the bottom of the valleys of the Indus and Nile. There is no spot on the earth unknown to the mosquito, yet Mexico declares that it has always retained an exception until three years ago, but now the whole land is covered. Efforts are made to trace the invasion to a load of pineapples side tracked for a few days at Queretaro. This explanation rises out of popular prejudices against railroads. The mosquito is a problem; it always was a problem. Pass it along: Where did the first mosquito come from?—St. Louis Post Dispatch.

A PALACE OF SALT.—The people of Salt Lake City are contemplating the erection of a great "salt palace." It would be a structure that would lay in the shade all the ice and corn places ever constructed. The main part of the structure could be of the finest specimens of rock salt to be found in the quarries, chiseled, carved and artistically arranged, while the interior fittings should be of crystallized work from the lake on a grand scale. Such a palace should be permanent if properly protected from the winter rains; it could be made of the most unique and striking style of architecture; it could be made one of the wonders of the world. When lighted by electricity the structure would have all the sparkle and diamond glitter of the great ice palaces, and with the difference in the salt palace's favor that heat would not melt or dim its glories in the least.—Virginia (New) Enterprise.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and \$1. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Co.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

THE ELECTION.

THE RESULT—THE HOUSE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—An extra World says: "Chairman Brice, of the democratic national executive committee, concedes the election of Gen. Harrison. Capt. McClellan, chairman of the campaign committee, was the only member of the national committee at headquarters this morning, and he made the authoritative announcement of Chairman Brice's concession of republican victory."

The World puts California and Indiana in the republican column and gives Harrison 233 votes in the electoral college.

In regard to the Congressional situation the World says: "A Congress as well as the Presidency lost? As the belated returns from the Congressional districts come in the complexion of the next House grows more and more doubtful. This is the most important and interesting of the questions of the campaign yet undecided. It is a possibility that the republicans may have control of the 51st Congress. The democratic majority of 18 is dwindling away. Several estimates made by democrats in this city bring the margin down to 2 votes. The republicans are claiming that full returns will give them the House. This is improbable, but a distinct possibility. There have been some surprising republican gains. Democratic St. Louis has elected three republican Congressmen. The republicans make apparently well based claims to three gains in Michigan. But the democrats have gained in Virginia. New York's delegation is unchanged as to parties. The fact of the situation is that there are enough districts yet uncertain to turn the House majority either way."

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Complete returns from five counties in the State give Harrison a plurality of 1880.

The republican State committee estimates Harrison's plurality in the State at nine thousand. The estimate of the democratic State committee does not vary from the one made yesterday of a probable democratic plurality of 2,000 to 3,000 in the State, while the republican State committee estimates Harrison's plurality at 9,000.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 8.—The republicans gain three Congressmen in the St. Louis district. 36 out of the 114 counties of the State outside of St. Louis, give Francis, democrat, for Governor, 17,367 over Kimball, republican. Francis claims his plurality in the State will not be less than 10,000.

Twenty-eight wards complete in St. Louis give Harrison 6277 plurality.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 8.—Returns are coming in slowly but enough are in to make certain that the State has gone for Harrison by at least 18,000 majority and probably 21,000. The legislature, on joint ballot, will have a republican majority of over fifty.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Cook county complete, including the city of Chicago, gives Cleveland a plurality of 564.

The Tribune says: The returns from all the counties in Illinois show that Gen. Harrison has carried the State by over 21,000 plurality, while Fifer, rep., for governor has a majority of over 13,000 votes.

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 8.—Returns from 66 counties show a republican plurality of about 17,000. Some of the strongest democratic counties have not yet been heard from. Democrats concede the election of Morey, rep., in the Seventh Congressional district, and still claim the election of Saltzbar, democrat, in the Sixth. The republican committee claims a plurality of 20,222 on the national ticket.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 8.—The Pioneer Press estimates that the State gives Harrison 28,000 plurality and Merriam, republican, for Governor, 20,000 more votes than Wilson. All of the Congressional districts in the State elect republican Congressmen.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 8.—Returns assure the election of a straight democratic delegation to Congress. Cleveland carried the State by over twenty thousand majority.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 8.—Harrison's majority in Indiana will not be less than 3,000 and will probably reach 5,000.

TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 8.—Evans, rep., for Congress, is elected by nearly 200 majority.

IDAHO.

BOISE CITY, Nov. 8.—Partial returns from the counties in this Territory give Hawley, dem., for Congress 334 majority.

Sanguinary Affray.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—A dispatch from Louisville regarding the shooting affray at Livingston, Ky., election day, says: Five men were killed and another mortally wounded. In a political discussion Champion Mullins and John Martin pulled their revolvers and commenced firing at each other. The former was a prominent republican and the latter a government official. The friends of each took up the quarrel and twenty pistols were pulled and a fusillade of shots fired. The desperate men fought for several squares. The fight continued for a quarter of an hour when for want of ammunition the sanguinary affray ceased. It was then found that Sam'l Ward, a member of the Kentucky legislature; John Martin, Gov. storekeeper; John Cl. Ford, an agent of the Louisville & Nashville R. R.; Frank Stewart, an employee of the Kentucky Central R. R., and C. Mullins were killed and J. S. Samsbrook, a merchant, badly wounded.

SANTA FE, Nov. 8.—A report from Valencia county says there was trouble between the republican and democratic judges of election at San Rafael Tuesday over an attempt made by the former to secure the

poll books. T. Provencher, one of the judges and an old citizen, was shot through the heart and instantly killed by the attacking party. The murderer escaped to the mountains.

Railroad Accidents.

NEENBURG, N. H., Nov. 8.—A freight train on the Hudson River railroad ran into a passenger train at Fishkill Landing, opposite this city, at 10 o'clock this morning. It is reported that several passengers were injured and killed. [Later news, however, show that but one person was killed—a woman who jumped when she saw the collision was inevitable. Two or three persons were injured.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—A dense foggy atmosphere prevailed in this section this morning and one of its results was a railway smash-up near Cragin, a suburban station on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. A heavy freight train crashed into the rear of a passenger train, smashing two cars. This train is a local one, starting from Cragin, and as a consequence there was but one passenger in the broken cars. He was seriously, if not fatally hurt. The passengers in the other cars were badly shaken up and some of them slightly hurt.

Affairs in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 8.—(via Galveston.)—The Mexican International Railway Company has decided to build a branch road from Benito to Monterey, connecting with Tampico.

Jesus Grant, a son of the late Gen. Grant, has arrived here on mining business.

It has been decided to establish diplomatic relations with the Argentine Republic.

A train on the Mexican Railway, carrying 33 prisoners was derailed and several cars went down an embankment. Several persons were injured and a fight between the guards and prisoners ensued.

The so-called Mexican opera troupe have started for the United States. They will open at San Antonio, Texas.

There was intense excitement here over the election news from the United States and the betting on the result was very heavy.

Status of Chinese Merchants.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—At the instance of T. D. Rierdan, attorney for the Chinese merchants' association, the Secretary of the Treasury has instructed the collector of customs at San Francisco, that Chinese merchants are not affected by the exclusion act, and that those now residents in the United States who visit foreign countries may be admitted on their return upon any evidence of identity satisfactory to the collector.

Lullification in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 8.—Immense enthusiasm prevails in this city to-day over the election of General Harrison and it is thought the citizens will hold a ratification meeting to night if it does not rain.

Mr. Schurz.

HAMBURG, Nov. 8.—Mr. Carl Schurz will leave for America on the steamer Hammonia which sails hence for New York next Sunday.

Fires.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 8.—At an early hour this morning the building occupied by the wholesale grocery house of Jacob Wellauer was discovered to be on fire. The loss, which was caused mainly by water, is fully \$100,000, fully insured.

How the President Takes It.

The Washington Star of yesterday says: "As usual the President is the most self contained of the interested parties to this apparent defeat. Mr. Cleveland takes the result philosophically, and was smiling and agreeable with those who saw him this morning. Of course he is disappointed, deeply disappointed, but he has lots of self control. Republican cannon were being fired this morning almost under his windows. The crash rattled with the vibration of the explosion, but he retained a calm exterior. The President and Mrs. Cleveland remained at the White House all night, and before they went to bed the news was of such a character as to deprive them of hope. Just before 12 o'clock Mrs. Cleveland drove out to Oak View. The President remained in and received several callers. He held his usual reception in the east room. He was agreeable to about sixty people there. Col. L. A. Mont was not especially disposed to speculate on the cause of the result. Money he mentioned as one thing. He was surprised at Kings county. He declared that Gov. Hill had done all he could for the ticket, and that the votes he got that Cleveland did not were from the republican liquor interests, and not to be controlled by any one. He did not think that the result in the city pointed to much trading. Colonel Lamont did not permit his disappointment to show on his face. He would not give out any of the confident dispatches received from friends last night."

Moran & Healy's warehouse at Chicago burned last night. Loss \$30,000; fully insured.

Friends, citizens, countrymen: "Hear me for my cause, and be silent that you may hear." Now, before Jupiter Tonans and all the gods at once, I do solemnly affirm that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is an infallible remedy for all lung and bronchial disorders. If there is any man present who disputes this proposition, "let him now speak, or else hereafter forever hold his peace."

"On fortune's cap we're not the very button," but we think ourselves uncommonly lucky since we found a sovereign remedy for pain. It is Salvation Oil—twenty five cents a bottle.

MEDICINAL.

ELY'S CATARRH Cream Balm Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. TRY THE CURE. A particle is applied into each nostril, and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, oct23 56 Warren street, New York.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Emperor William will visit Constantinople in the spring, on the occasion of his journey to Athens.

The Patriotic League in Paris is organizing a banquet and public reception in honor of Gen. Boulanger, to take place on the 25th inst.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria and King Humbert of Italy are expected to visit Berlin after the visit of the Czar in the spring.

Portugal has given notice that she will join England and Germany in the proposed naval blockade of Zanzibar ports to suppress slave dealing.

A dynamite bomb was exploded in a registry office in the Rue Boycher, Paris, last evening. Another bomb was exploded in a registry office in the Rue Francaise. Much damage was done at both places, but no one was hurt.

The Sultan of Zanzibar having noticed that the Belgian consul has engaged 700 natives of Zanzibar, to be employed in the Congo Free State, complaining that the draining of labor from the country stimulates the slave trade and threatens the British East Africa Company's interest. The Sultan is alive to the fact, but fears to veto the immigration of the natives.

A ROW AT PORTSMOUTH.—A serious row occurred between the negroes and whites in Portsmouth last night. The negroes organized a procession, and, armed with clubs, went through the city hooting and yelling and insulting women, children, and mobbing the street cars. The mob marched in front of the democratic headquarters, where there was a large crowd of white men assembled, and gave three cheers for Harrison and Morton. With this a white man and negro got to fighting, and a row ensued, pistol shots being rapid on both sides. The negroes scattered quickly in every direction, when it was ascertained that three white men were wounded. Frank Kelger was shot through the thigh, Samuel W. East was shot through the shoulder, and W. Mahony was shot in the body. Much excitement followed and Mayor Baird ordered out the Old Dominion Guard to preserve the peace. The mayor then telegraphed to Gov. Lee his action. The city is quiet but an uneasy feeling prevails.

CATARH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Co.

MEDICINAL.

DR. HENLEY'S EXTRACT OF CELERY. A Most Effective Combination. This well known Tonic and Nervine is a great remedy for all debility, dyspepsia, and nervous disorders. It restores all languid and debilitated conditions of the system, strengthens the intellect, and improves the appetite, and is a most valuable remedy for all who are afflicted with weakness of the system, and who need regular help to the system against the depressing influences of Malnutrition. Price—\$1.00 per bottle of 4 ounces. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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COKE! COKE! COKE! CONNELLVILLE COKE, for house purposes, on hand and to arrive. For sale by oct23 W. A. SMOOT & CO.

SUGAR-CURED JOWLS, Breakfast Food, Shoulders and Hams, small sizes, for sale by my18 J. C. MILBURN.

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS as cheap as the cheap oct7 AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.